

Center for Studying Disability Policy

## Offering a Web Mode for People with Disabilities

## Descriptive Findings from the POD Follow Up Survey

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### **Presentation Roadmap**

- Background
- Survey design
- Interim findings
- Conclusions
- Acknowledgements





## People with Disabilities (PWDs) Face Barriers to Completing Web Surveys

- The digital divide: Compared to adults without a disability, PWDs are less likely to...
  - Own desktop or laptop computer (67% vs 84%)
  - Use internet daily (50% vs 79%)
  - And more likely to never go online (23% vs 8%)
- Certain disabling conditions make it difficult for some PWDs to respond to online surveys
  - Developmental or cognitive disabilities
  - Visual impairments



## Technology Advances and Standards Improve Accessibility for PWDs

- Refreshable Braille devices
- Screen reader programs
- Onscreen keyboards with head pointers
- Section 508 amendment to the U.S. Rehabilitation Act
- Web Content Accessibility Guidelines



## Fielding a Web Survey with PWDs

- Will respondents complete by web?
- Differences in respondent characteristics and response by mode?
- Differences in data quality by mode?





## Promoting Opportunity Demonstration (POD) Evaluation

- Sponsored by Social Security Administration
- Enrolled 10,000+ SSDI beneficiaries into study
  - Work oriented adults, 20 to 59 years old
  - Live in one of 8 study sites
  - Currently receive SSDI or recently suspended due to work
- Follow up survey conducted with random half of enrollees (5,000) in 2019



## **POD Follow Up Survey**

- Web with CATI follow up
- Survey length: 20-25 minutes
- Monthly cohorts released 12 months after enrollment in POD
- Each cohort fielded for 21 weeks
- Post-pay incentives
  - \$30 Web
  - \$20 CATI



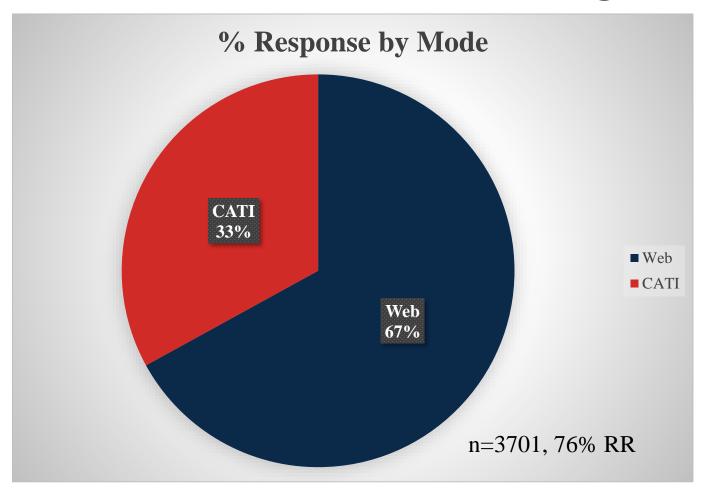
## Web Design Considerations

- Short instrument, brief question wording
- · Simple design, tested for use on multiple devices
- No hard checks programmed, skip any question
- Provided assistance to complete online, if needed
- Offered higher incentive for web mode
- Push to web design, allowed web completes throughout field period





## Web Response is High



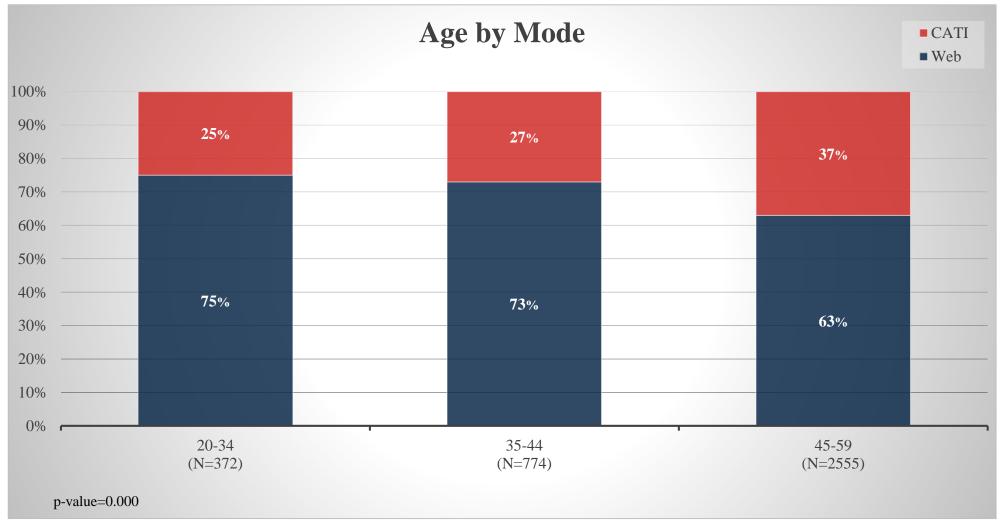




# Respondent Characteristics Differ by Mode

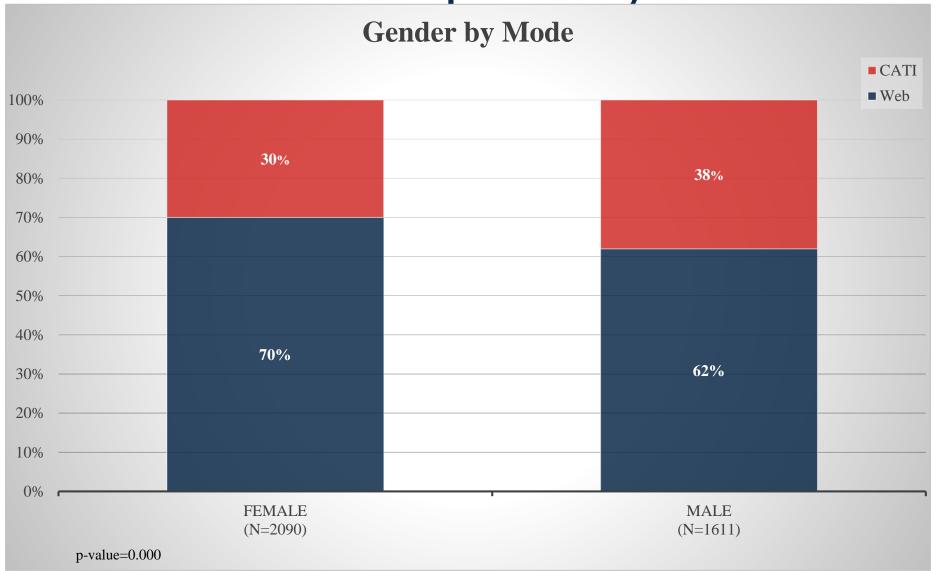


## Younger Respondents Complete by Web



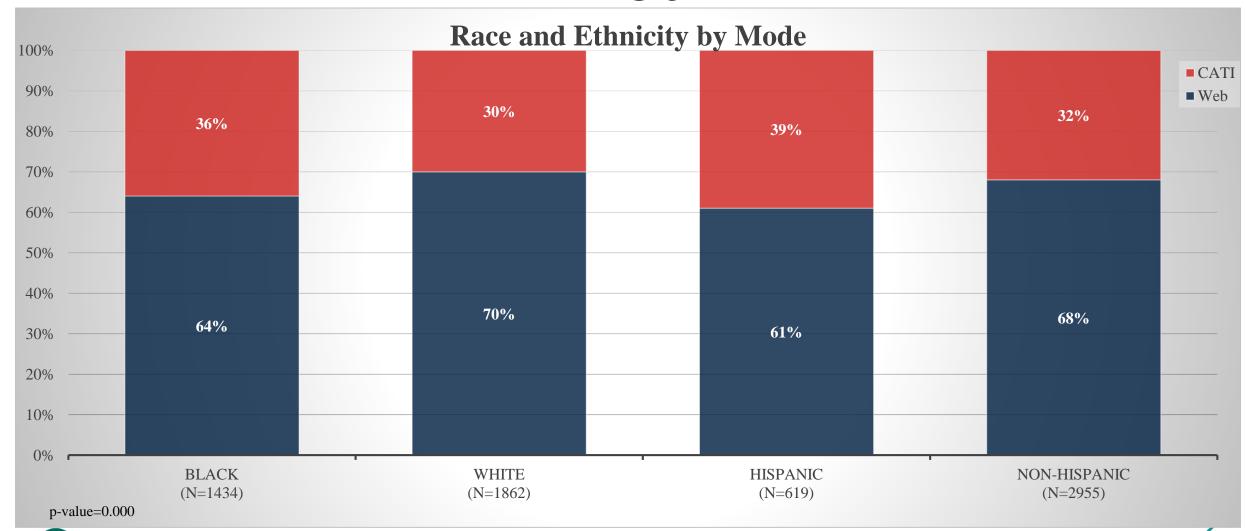


## Females Complete by Web



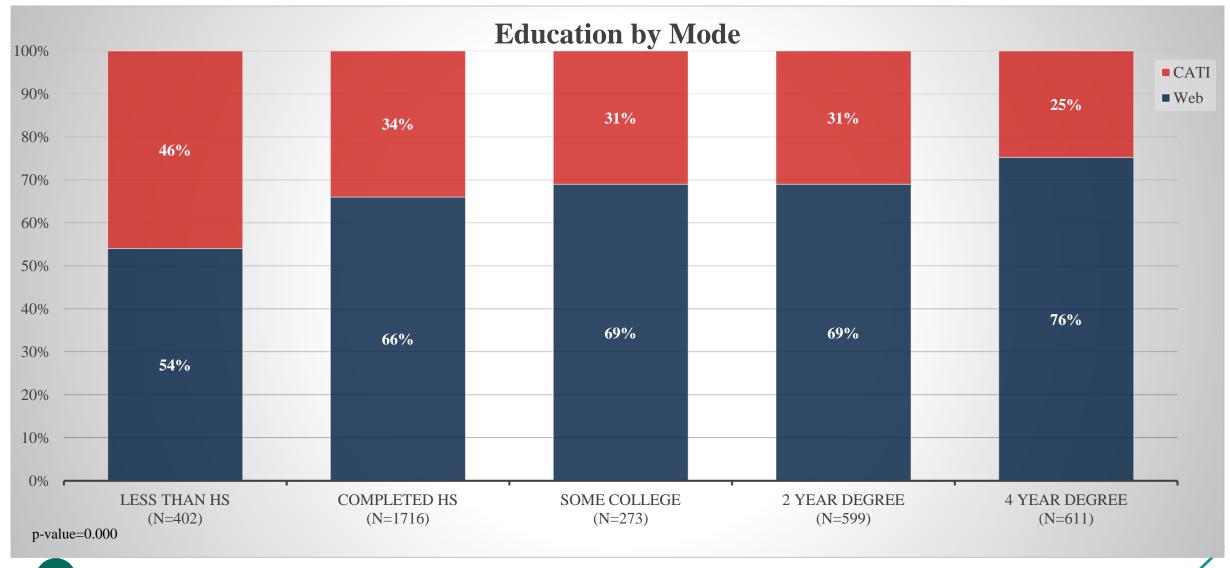


## Whites and Non-Hispanics Complete by Web





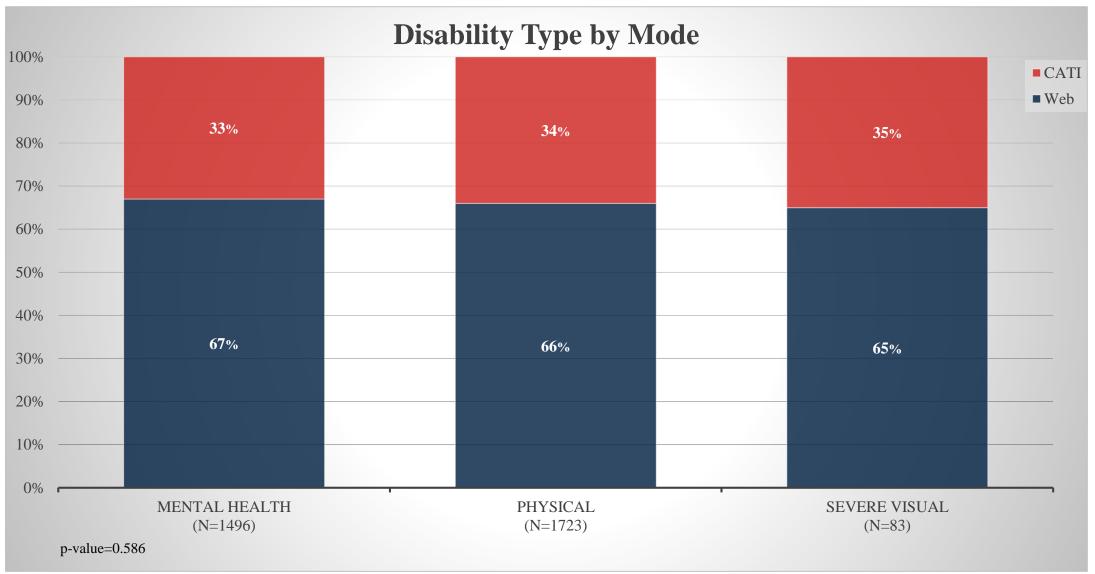
### Those with Higher Education Complete by Web



17



### Similar Web Completion by Disability



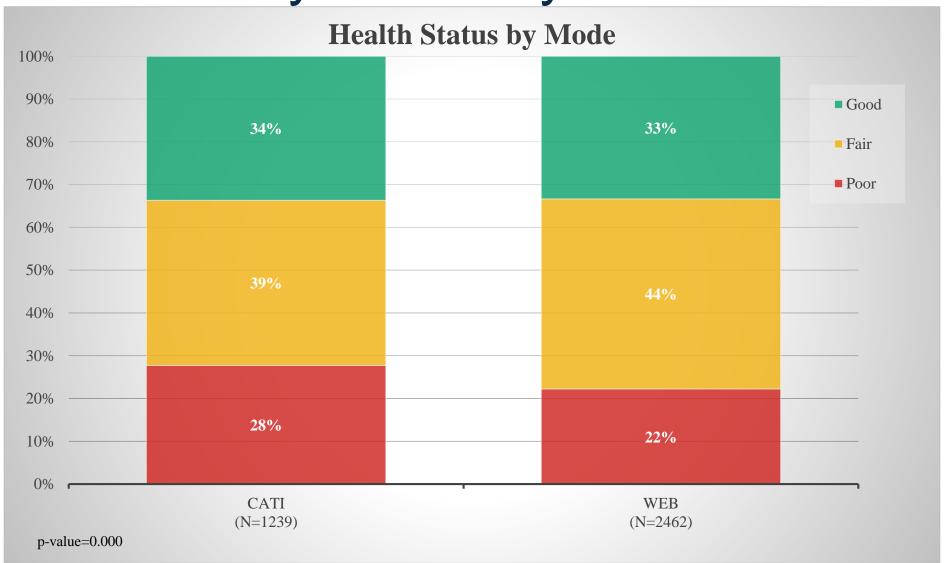
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# Respondent Health Status Differs by Mode

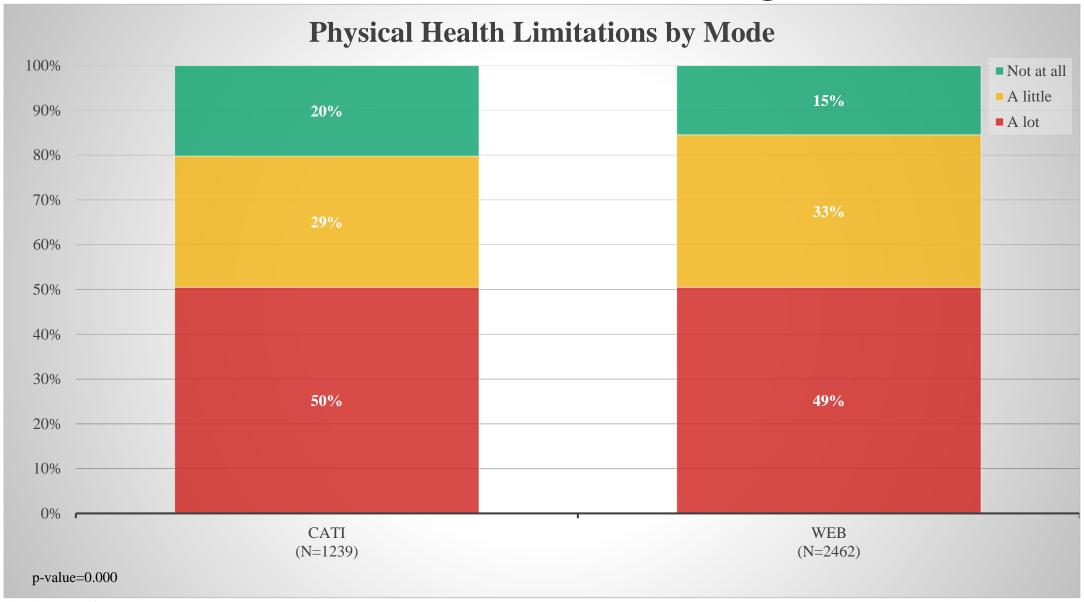


## How do you Rate your Health?





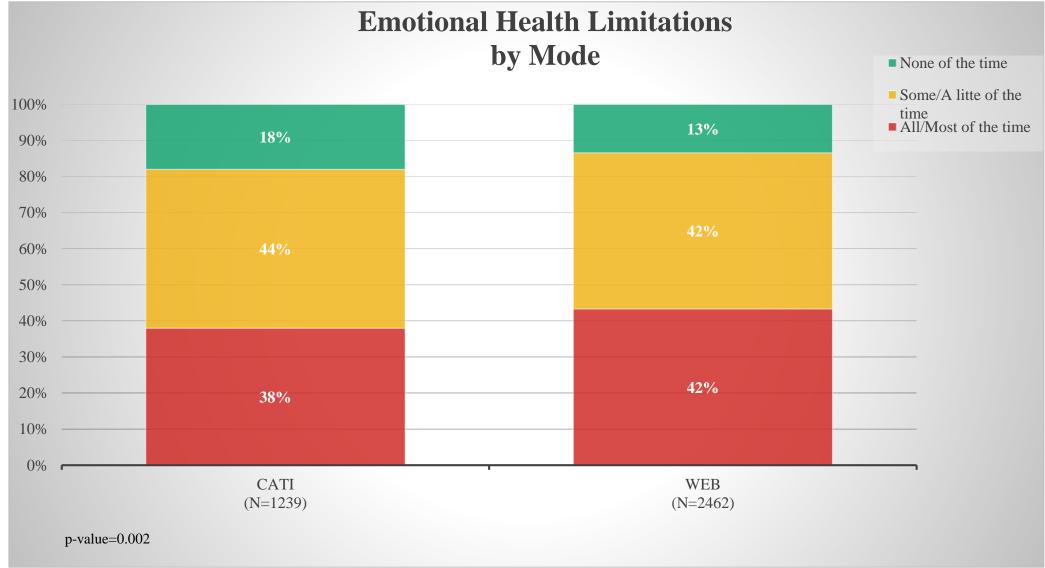
## Health Limitations Climbing Stairs



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#### Emotional Health Limitations (Depressed or Anxious)

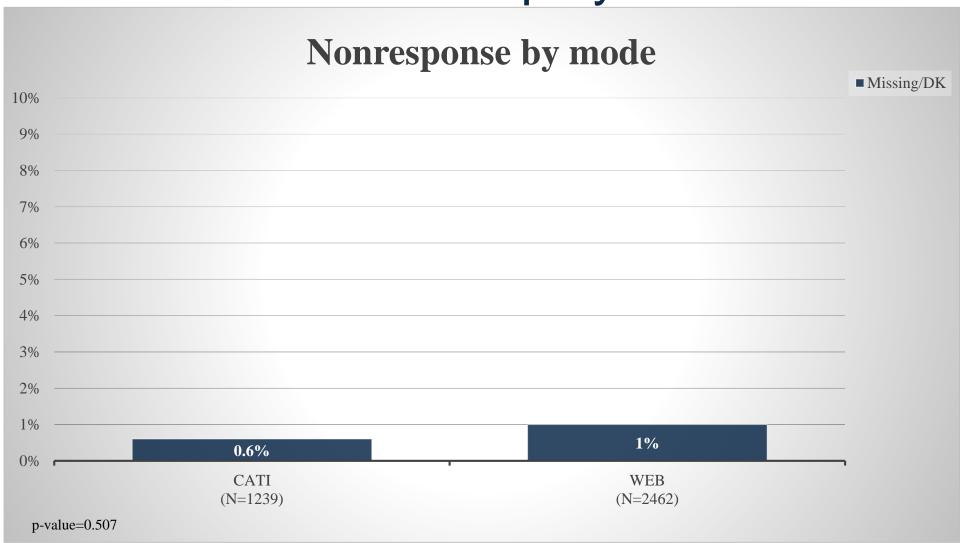




# Low Item Nonresponse Differs by Mode

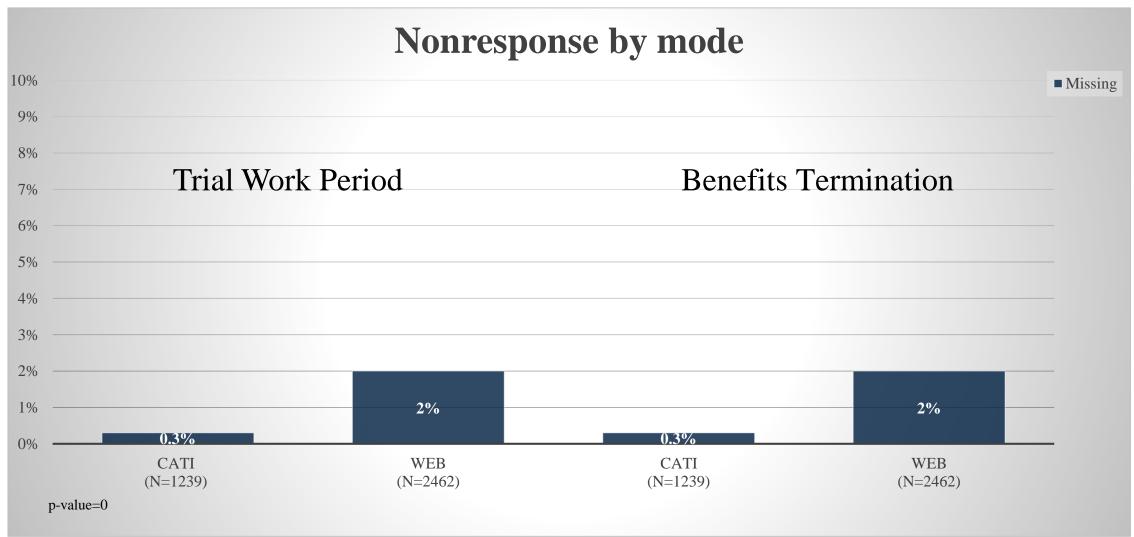


## **Current Employment**



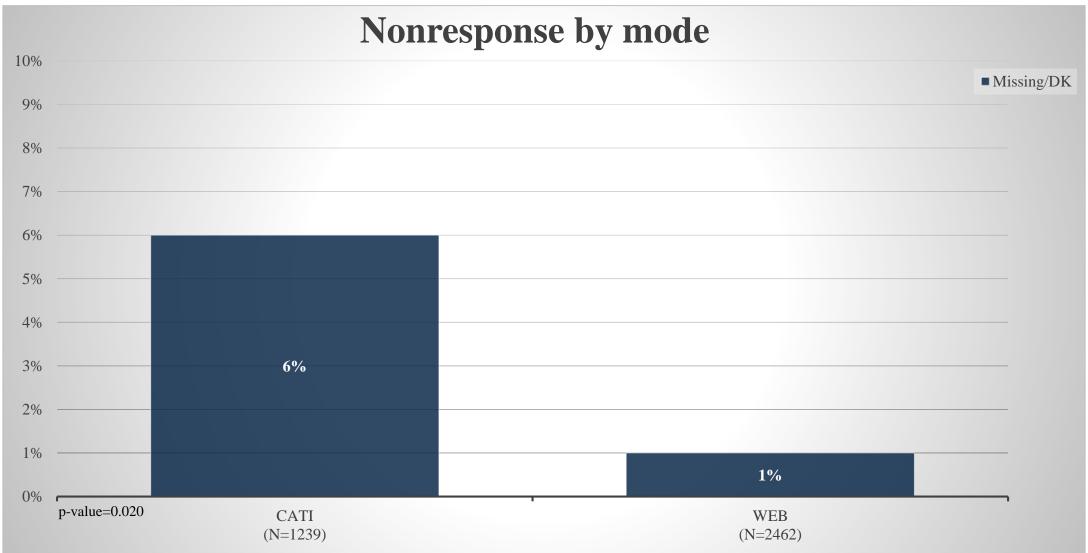


### Understanding SSA Work & Benefits





### **Annual Income**







## **Summary**

#### Offering Web Mode on POD

- People with disabilities can complete on the web
- Response is good
- Data quality is high

#### Small differences by mode

- Respondent characteristics
- Data quality/missingness
- Survey questions (health, knowledge, income)



### **Study Limitations**

- Interim findings; not full sample of respondents
- Descriptive study; did not randomize participants to one mode or another
- Cannot generalize to a wider population of people with disabilities; participants self-selected into demonstration



### Implications for Future Research

#### Conduct experiment with similar population to test

- Mode choice
- Offer web mode with paper survey follow up
- Contact via email and text messaging



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